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# SPECIFICATION

Revision: 0.1

## **BH2102N1010U**

This module uses ROHS material

CUSTOMER:

Approved by:

HONGRUI TECHNOLOGY LTD.:

Approved by:

## Revision Record

Rev No	date	Description
V0.1	2016-07-12	Preliminary Specification Release

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## CONTENTS

- 1.General Description
- 2.Genreal Features
3. Block Diagram
- 4.Pin Description
- 5.Absolute Maximum Ratings
6. Electrical Specification
  - 6.1 DC Characteristics
  - 6.2 back blight circuit characteristics
7. Optical Specification
  - 7.1 LCD optical Characteristics
  - 7.2 Measurement system
- 8.Application Circuit
- 9.Initial Code
10. Reliability and inspection standard
  - 10.1 Environment test(reliability test)
  - 10.2 Ultraviolet radiation irradiation test
  - 10.3 Mechanical test
  - 10.4 Electron magnetic compatibility
11. Inspection standard
- 12.Caution and handing precaution
- 13.Installation in assembly
  - 13.1 ESD(electro-static discharge) prevention
  - 13.2 Dust and stain prevention
  - 13.3 Installing lcd module to the enclosure
  - 13.4 Mechanical forces
  - 13.5 Operation
- 14 .Transportation and storage
- 15.Outline dimension

<b>Written by</b>	<b>Checked by</b>	<b>Approved by</b>
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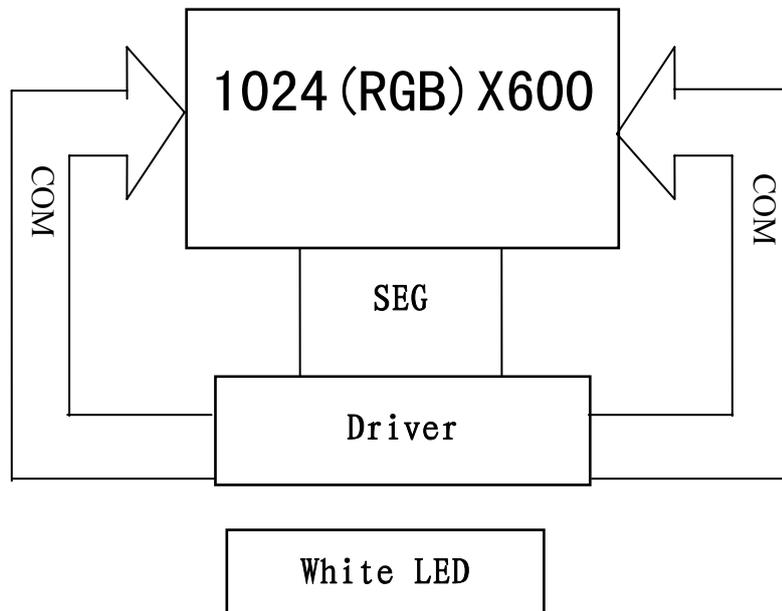
### 1. General Description

The BH2102N1010U model is a color TFT LCM. this module has a 10.1 inch diagonally measured active area with 1024 horizontal by 600 vertical pixel array. each pixel is divided into red, green, blue dots which are arranged in vertical stripe and this module can display 262K colors.

### 2.General Feature

Item	Main Display	Remark
Display Mode	Normally white, Transmissive LCD	
Gray scale inversion direction	12 o'clock	
Viewing direction (eye view)	6 o'clock	
Driving method	a-si TFT active matrix	
Input signals	LVDS I/F	
Outside dimensions	235mm(W) × 143mm(H) × 5.1mm(D)	
Active Atea	222.72mm(W) × 125.28mm(H)	
Number of Pixels	1024x3(RGB) × 600 pixels	
Pixel Pitch	0.2175mm(W) × 0.2088mm(H)	
Pixel Arrangment	RGB vertical stripes	
Driver IC	EK79001AI	
Weight	TBD	

### 3. Block Diagram



#### 4.Pin Description

NO.	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	NC	NO CONNECTION
2	VDD	+3.3V Power
3	VDD	+3.3V Power
4	V_EDID	EDID 3.3V Power
5	NC	NO CONNECTION
6	SCL	EDID CLOCK
7	SDA	EDID DATA
8	RIN0-	LVDS SIGNAL (-) --CHANNEL 0
9	RIN0+	LVDS SIGNAL (+) --CHANNEL 0
10	GND	Ground
11	RIN1-	LVDS SIGNAL (-) --CHANNEL 1
12	RIN1+	LVDS SIGNAL (+) --CHANNEL 1
13	GND	Ground
14	RIN2-	LVDS SIGNAL (-) --CHANNEL 2
15	RIN2+	LVDS SIGNAL (+) --CHANNEL 2
16	GND	Ground
17	CLKIN-	LVDS CLOCK SIGNAL (-)
18	CLKIN+	LVDS CLOCK SIGNAL (+)
19	GND	Ground
20	RIN3-	LVDS SIGNAL (-) --CHANNEL 3
21	RIN3+	LVDS SIGNAL (+) --CHANNEL 3
22	GND	Ground
23	NC	NO CONNECTION
24	NC	NO CONNECTION
25	GND	Ground
26	NC	NO CONNECTION
27	NC	NO CONNECTION
28	GND	Ground
29	NC	NO CONNECTION
30	NC	NO CONNECTION
31	VBL_GND	Ground--LED
32	VBL_GND	Ground--LED
33	VBL_GND	Ground--LED
34	NC	NO CONNECTION
35	ADJ	LED DRIVER IC PWM FREQUENCY INPUT
36	LED_EN	LED backlight control
37	NC	NO CONNECTION
38	VBL+	POWER SUPPLY FOR BACKLIGHT (3.5~5.5V)
39	VBL+	POWER SUPPLY FOR BACKLIGHT (3.5~5.5V)
40	VBL+	POWER SUPPLY FOR BACKLIGHT (3.5~5.5V)

Remark: VBL+ voltage: 5V, VLED by internal booster circuit.

## 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_a=25\pm 5^\circ\text{C}, V_{SS}=GND=0$

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Unit	Condition
Operating power	$V_{DD}$	0.3~5.0	V	
Operating temperature	$T_{OPR}$	-20~70	°C	No condensation
Storage temperature	$T_{STR}$	-30~80		

## 6. Electrical Specification

### 6.1 DC Characteristics

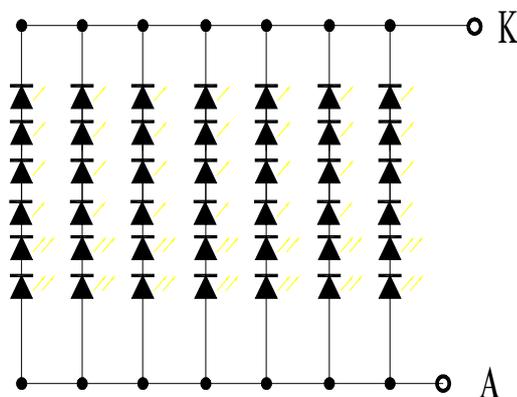
$V_{SS}=0V, V_{DD}=2.85\pm 0.05V, T_{OPR}=-20\sim 70^\circ\text{C}$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply power	$V_{DD}$		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Input high voltage	$V_{IH}$		$0.7V_{DD}$	—	$V_{DD}$	
Input low voltage	$V_{IL}$		0	—	$0.3V_{DD}$	
Output high voltage	$V_{OH}$		$0.7V_{DD}$	—	—	
Output low voltage	$V_{OL}$		—	—	$0.3V_{DD}$	
Logic current consumption	$I_{DD}$		—	—	24	mA

### 6.2 Backlight Circuit Characteristics(42 LEDs 6 series 7 Parallel connection):

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Operating voltage	$V_{LED}$	21	22.4	23.1	V	$I_{LED}=120\text{ mA}$
Operating current	$I_{LED}$	—	120	—	mA	-
Back blight luminance (display white)	—	—	9000	—	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	$I_{LED}=120\text{ mA}$
Life Time	—	20000	—	—	hour	

BACKLIGHT CIRCUIT:



6S7P=42LED (140ma/19.2V)

## 7. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been on and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance of 500mm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle  $\theta$  equal to 0.

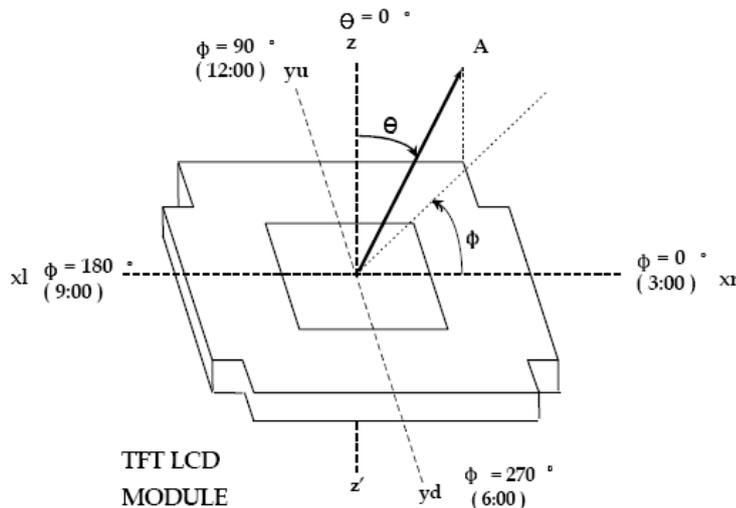
### 7.1 LCD Optical Characteristics

Ta=25°C

parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Viewing Angle	$\Phi = 0^\circ$ (3 o'clock)	$\theta_R$	$Cr > 10$	-	70	-	deg
	$\Phi = 90^\circ$ (12 o'clock)	$\theta_U$		-	50	-	
	$\Phi = 180^\circ$ (9 o'clock)	$\theta_L$		-	70	-	
	$\Phi = 270^\circ$ (6 o'clock)	$\theta_D$		-	70	-	
Contrast ratio		Cr	$\theta = 0$ $\Phi = 0$	-	600	-	
Response time		Tr+Tf		-	25	40	ms
Surface Luminance		Lv		400	450	-	Cd/m <sup>2</sup>
CIE(x,y) chromaticity	RED	X	$\theta = 0$ $\Phi = 0$	0.557	0.607	0.657	
		Y		0.302	0.352	0.402	
	GREEN	X		0.283	0.333	0.383	
		Y		0.535	0.585	0.635	
	BLUE	X		0.098	0.148	0.198	
		Y		0.036	0.086	0.136	
	WHITE	X		0.253	0.313	0.373	
		Y		0.271	0.331	0.391	

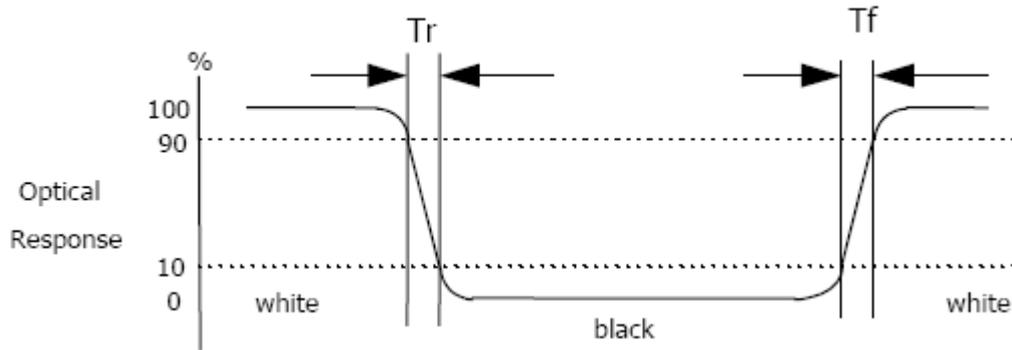
### 7.2 Measurement system

#### (1) LCD Viewing Angle



viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface.

(2) Response time



Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (Rising time, Tr) and from black to white (Falling time, Tf).for additional information

(3) Contrast Ratio(CR)

Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}}$$

Surface luminance is the center point across the lcd surface 500mm from the surface with all pixels displaying white.

8. Application Circuit

Please consult our technical department for detail information.

9. Initial Code

Please consult our technical department for detail information.

10. Reliability and inspection standard

10.1 Environment test(reliability test)

Samples OK before testing

Test item	Test condition
High temperature storage	80°C , 240 hr
Low temperature storage	-30°C , 240 hr
High temperature operation	70°C , 160 hr
Low temperature operation	-20°C , 160 hr
High temperature and high humidity operation	40°C , 93 %RH, 160 hr
Thermal shock	-30°C → 25°C → 80°C → 25°C ( 30min ) ( 5min ) ( 30min ) ( 5min ) 20 cycle

After completing the reliability tests.leave the samples under the room temperature and for the

following inspection items:

- ① No clearly visible defects or deterioration of display quality allowed.
- ② No function-related abnormalities.
- ③ Connected parts still connecting tightly.
- ④ Display characteristics fulfil initial value, contrast ratio should be an least 30% of initial value.

## 10.2 Ultraviolet radiation irradiation test

After Samples irradiated by ultraviolet tradiation,have no deterioration of display quality

## 10.3 Mechanical test

### 1)Vibration test

Test item	Test content	
In mobile telephone	Reference mobile phone test standard	
Vibration test ( packed )	frequence/acceleration	30Hz/2.5m/s <sup>2</sup>
	direction	X、 Y、 Z 3 direction
	time	30min respectively

After completing the vibration tests,the samples have No function-related abnormalities or structure distortion .

### 2) Shock test

Peak accelation m/s2	Pulseholding time ms	Shock wave
300	11	Half sine wave or back peak sawtooh wave or trapeziform wave

After completing the shock tests,the samples have No function-related abnormalities or structure distortion .

### 3)packing part drop test

Test item	Test content	
drop (packed in a box )	height	80cm
	Drop mode	Freedom drop
	Drop part	1 corner/3 arris/6 face,1time respectively

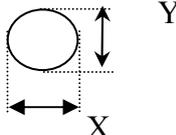
After completing the packing part drop tests,the samples have no function-related abnormalities or structure distortion .

## 10.4 Electron magnetic compatibility

Electrostatic withstanding voltage

After air contact discharge (voltage:  $\pm 8\text{KV}$ ) and contact discharge directly (voltage:  $\pm 4\text{KV}$ ) test, the samples display ok, and have no flicker, white screen, black screen, blue screen etc. abnormality display.

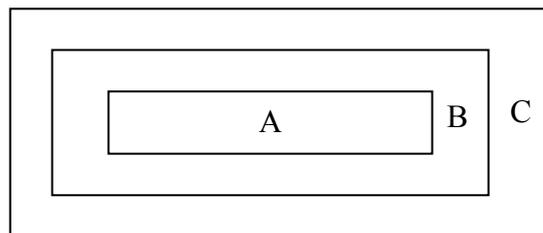
## 11. Inspection standard

No	Item	Criterion for defects	Defect type																																														
1	Black/white spot defect (in displaying)	<p>black/white spot definition</p> $\Phi = \frac{(x+y)}{2}$  <p>1. black/white spot defect (I)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">area size (mm)</th> <th colspan="3">Acceptable number</th> </tr> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>\Phi \leq 0.1</math></td> <td colspan="3">ignore</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.10 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.15</math></td> <td colspan="3">3</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.15 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.25</math></td> <td colspan="3">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\Phi &gt; 0.25</math></td> <td colspan="3">0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>2. black/white spot defect (II)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">area size (mm)</th> <th colspan="3">Acceptable number</th> </tr> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>\Phi \leq 0.3</math></td> <td colspan="3">ignore</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.30 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.50</math></td> <td colspan="3">5 (space between is 20mm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.50 &lt; \Phi \leq 1.00</math></td> <td colspan="3">3 (space between is 50mm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>1.00 &lt; \Phi</math></td> <td colspan="3">0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	area size (mm)	Acceptable number			A	B	C	$\Phi \leq 0.1$	ignore			$0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.15$	3			$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	2			$\Phi > 0.25$	0			area size (mm)	Acceptable number			A	B	C	$\Phi \leq 0.3$	ignore			$0.30 < \Phi \leq 0.50$	5 (space between is 20mm)			$0.50 < \Phi \leq 1.00$	3 (space between is 50mm)			$1.00 < \Phi$	0			Minor
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4	Stain on LCD panel surface	Stain which cannot be removed even when wiped lightly with a soft cloth or similar cleaning too are rejectable	Minor																																																																																						

5	Parts mounting	(1) failure to mount parts (2) parts not in the specification are mounted (3) polarith, for example,is reversed	Major Major Major
6	Parts alignment	(1) LSI,IC lead width is more than 50% beyond pad outline (2) Chip component is off center and more than 50% of the leads is off the pad outline	Minor Minor
7	Conductive foreign matter	(1) on open space(gnd,manual solder)solder ball is allowed up toΦ0.1mm(1EA). (2) In case of shield space is allowed up toΦ0.2mm(1EA)	Major
8	Faculty PWB correction	(1) due to PWB copper foil pattern burnout,the patter is connected,using a jumper wire for repair;2 or more places corrected per PWB (2) short circuited part is cut,and no resist coating has been performed.	Minor Minor

area definition



LCD inspection area

A: active area

B: visible area

C: outside of visible area (Invisible area after assembling)

Visible Defect in area c, but it cannot affect product's quality, it is allowed.

## 12. Caution and handling precaution

To avoid causing extended damages such as accidents resulting in injury or death, fire accidents, or social damages or social damages if the lcd module fails, Sunrise is always endeavor to maintain sufficient quality of the lcd module in process of designing and manufacturing.

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

Safety

### 1) disassembling or modification

do not disassemble or modify the modules. sensitive parts inside lcd module may be damaged, and dusts or scratches may mar the displays.

### 2) Breakage of lcd panel

Do not ingest liquid crystal material, do not inhale this material, and do not permit this material to contact the skin, if glass of lcd panel is broken. if liquid crystal material contacts the skin, mouth or clothing, take the following actions immediately.

In case contact to the eye or mouth, rinse with large amount of running water for more than 15

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minutes.in case contact to the skin or clothing,wipe id off immediately and wash with soap and large amount of running water for moue than 15 minutes.the skin or closing may be damaged if liquid crystal material is left adhered.in case ingestion,rinse out the mouth well with water.after spewing uo by drinking large amount of water,get medical treatment.

### **3) Glass of lcd panel**

be careful with chips of grass that may cause injuring fingers or skin,when the glass is broken.

### **4) Absolute maximum ratings**

Do not exceed the absolute maximum rating value under the worst probable condition caused by the supply voltage variation,input voltage variation,variation in parts'constants,environmental temperature,etc.,otherwise lcd module may be damaged.

### **5) power protection circuit**

employ protection circuit for power supply,whenever the specification specifies it.

A suitable protection circuit should be applied,based on each system design.

A fuave is fitted to this module.therefore,without a suitable power-supply protection device,dust or partial circuit failure may cause overheating and/or burning,which may lead to injury.

### **6) Disposal**

Always comply with all applicable environmental regulations,when disposing of the lcd.

### **7) Edges of parts**

Be careful with edges of glass parts and metal frame,it may cause injuring.

For designing the system,give special consideration that the wiring and parts do not touch those edges.

### **8) Recommended operating conditions**

Don't exceed the recommended operation conditions in this specification.the performance and quality of the lcd module are warranted only when the lcd module is used within the recommended operation conditions.to use the lcd module over the recommended operation condition may have bad influence on the characteristics and reliability of the lcd module and may shorten the life of the lcd module.

Therefore,when designing the whole set,not to beover the recommended operation conditions,you should fully take care of supply voltage change,characteristica of connection parts,serge of input-and-output line,and surrounding temperature.

## **13.Installation in assembly**

### **13.1 ESD(electro-static discharge) prevention**

The circuit used in lcd module is very sensitive to ESD. The following caution should be taken when installing lcd module to an enclosure of the system in order to prevent damage of circuit used in lcd module.

#### **1) Humidity**

Ambient humidityof working area is recommended to be higher than 50%(RH)in order avoid ESD.

#### **2) Grounding**

-Preson handling lcd modules should be grounded with wirst band.

-Tools like soldering iron and screw drivers and working benches should be grounded.

-Grounded electro-conductive mats are recommended to be covered on the floor of working area and surface of working benched.

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-The grounding should be done through a resistor of 0.5-1Mohms in order to prevent spark of ESD.

**3) Be careful with touching metal portion of testing instruments in order to prevent unnecessary ESD.**

**4) Do not touch the electrode area of PCB and electrical parts like LSI,capacitor,connector pin,etc.**

**5) Ionizer**

Using ionizer(an antistatic blower)is recommended at working area in order to reduce electro-static voltage.

**6) Removing protection film**

When removing protection film from lcd panel,peel off the tag slowly(more than one second)while blowing with ionizer toward the peelong face to minimize ESD which may damage electrical circuit.

**13.2. Dust and stain prevention**

**1) Working area**

Reduce dust level in working area.especially the level of metal particle should be decreased,otherwise electrical circuit in lcd module may be damaged due to short circuit by metal particles.

**2) Protection film**

Lcd module may be shipped with protection film on lcd panle in order to prevent from scratches and dust.it is recommended to remove the film at later process of assembling.

**3) Wiping off dust on the panel**

When lcd panel becomes dirtu,wipe the panle surface off softly with absorbent cotton or another soft cloth.if necessary,breathе upson the panle surface and then wioe odd immediately and softly again.be careful not to spill organic solvents into the inside of lcd module.the solvents may be damaged by the solvents,so do not use any organic solvents for wiping off lcd panel.

**4) Adhesive on lcd panel**

Be careful not to attach adhesive,grease.etc.,on lcd panel,because it is difficult to remove them without any damages on lcd panel.

**5) Water spots on the panel**

Avoid the dewing or water condensation.

Wipe off a spot or mist on lcd panel softly with absorbent cotton another cloth as soon as possible if happened,otherwiae discoloration or stain may be caused.and ,damage may occur if water penetrates the inside.

**13.3.Installing lcd module to the enclosure**

**1) Installing lcd module to the enclosure**

Do not bend or twist lcd module even momentarily when the lcd module is installed into the system.

Bending or twisting the lcd module may cause permanent damage.

When the FPCis bent,the radius of FPC curvature must be more than value of recommendation

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to prevent bending and twisting forces from affecting the connection of FPC.  
Even temporary bending or twisting sometimes causes damage.

## **2) Interface**

Do not fasten screw, with catching interface FPC between lcd module and enclosure.  
This may cause bending of lcd module, or become the cause of a failure by damaging FPC.

### **13.4. Mechanical forces**

#### **1) Carry**

Hold the side of the plastic frame when you carry an lcd module by hand. if an lcd is carried using the FPC, it is likely to be damaged and the lcd will then malfunction. if you turn on the lcd with a broken FPC, it may cause smoke or burning.

Protection (eg gloves) for fingers and hands is recommended to avoid injury by broken glass.

#### **2) Strong mechanical shock**

Avoid strong mechanical shock, such as dropping the lcd from the work bench, or knocking it against a hard object.

#### **3) Excessive force**

Avoid applying excessive force, like pushing the surface of lcd panel. this may cause scratches or breakage of the panel, or a failure of the module.

#### **4) Scratches on the panel**

Do not put heavy object such as tools, books, etc., and do not pile up lcd modules.

Be careful not to touch the surface of the polarizer with any hard and sharp object. these parts are so sensitive and can easily be scratched, even if protected by a film.

#### **5) Connector**

When inserting or disconnecting the connector into a connector of the lcd module, care should be taken to ensure that no strong external force is applied to the connector on the lcd module side.

A strong external force applied to the connector or the FPC may damage that no part such as the FPC etc. should be caught between the case of the system and the module. make sure that the input signal connector of a module is securely and correctly connected to the connector on the system, not skewed, or incompletely connected.

Inputting a signal etc. into the module with connectors incorrectly inserted may cause a circuit component or components to malfunction.

#### **6) FPC**

When inserting or disconnecting the connector of the lcd module into a connector of the system, care should be taken to ensure that no strong external force is applied to the FPC on the lcd module side. A strong external force applied to the FPC may damage their connections.

When assembling a module into a system, pay extra attention to ensure that no part such as the FPC etc. should be caught between the case of the system and the module.

Make sure that the input signal connector of a module is securely and correctly connected to the connector on the system, not skewed, or incompletely connected. inputting a signal etc. into the module with connectors incorrectly inserted may cause a circuit component or components to malfunction. be careful not to pull or damage the FPC cables, to avoid mechanical damage in FPC

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and connection part of FPC and cell.

### **13.5. Operation**

#### **1) Power supply**

Power supplies should always be turned off during the assembly process.

Do not connect or disconnect the power cables and connectors with power applied to lcd module.this may cause damage to the lcd module circuit.

In operating module at the inspection process,and so on,the supply voltage and signals of driving decice must satisfy the sequence of power supplies and signals descrtibed in this specifications.

#### **2) Gas**

Do not expose the lcd module to any gas which is not normally contained in the atmosphere,it may cause mis-operation or defects.

#### **3) Used for long term**

When a lcd module is used for a long term,the characteristics of lcd module might be changed and it may be out of the standard of optical specifications due to LED discoloration.

LED has the characteristics of shifting optical characteristics by the long term use

### **14 .Transportation and storage**

#### **1) temperature**

do not store lcd module in a high temperature and high humidity condition,high than 35°C and 70%(RH)for a long term ,meaning about one month or more,otherwise this may deteriorate the quality of the display.when you unavoidably store lcd modules for a long time,store between 0 and 35°C and with a relative humidty 70%or lower.

#### **2) Low temperature**

Be careful not to leave it where the temperature is below specified storage temperature because the liquid crystal of the display panel may be damaged.

#### **3) Ultra violet ray**

Store lcd module without exposure to direct sunlight or fluorescent lamps in order to prevent the module from strong ultra violet ray.

#### **4) Cleanliness**

Keep the lcd module in clean place,because any dust,hard particle may damage the polarizer,or dust invades the inside of the lcd module.

#### **5) Condensation of water**

The module should be stored under a condition where no condensation of water is allowed.it may cause mis-operation or defects.be especially careful not to make a module work under the condition that condensation of water appears.

#### **6) Packing**

When you must re-package a lcd module after it has been removed from the original packaging,it is recommended to re-pack using the original package box and package material.

# 15. Outline Dimension

